Topics in Mathematical Science IV, Nagoya University, Spring 2023

## Homework 1: Modular group & basics of modular forms

Deadline: 30th April (23:55 JST), 2023 at TACT

**Exercise 1.** For  $N \ge 1$  we define the congruence subgroup

$$\Gamma_0(N) = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \in \operatorname{SL}_2(\mathbb{Z}) \mid c \equiv 0 \mod N \right\}.$$

(i) Show that  $\Gamma_0(1) = \operatorname{SL}_2(\mathbb{Z})$  is generated by  $T = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $S = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ . (ii) Show that  $\Gamma_0(4)$  is generated by  $\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ .

**Exercise 2.** For a matrix  $\gamma = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \in SL_2(\mathbb{Z})$ , a complex number  $\tau \in \mathbb{C}$  and a holomorphic function in the upper half plane  $f \in \mathcal{O}(\mathbb{H})$  define

$$\gamma(\tau) := \frac{a\tau + b}{c\tau + d}$$
 and  $(f|_k \gamma)(\tau) := (c\tau + d)^{-k} f\left(\frac{a\tau + b}{c\tau + d}\right)$ .

(i) Show that for all  $\tau \in \mathbb{C}$  and  $\gamma \in SL_2(\mathbb{Z})$  we have

$$\operatorname{Im}(\gamma(\tau)) = \frac{\operatorname{Im}(\tau)}{|c\tau + d|^2} \,,$$

where  $\text{Im}(\tau)$  denotes the imaginary part of  $\tau$ .

(ii) Show that  $SL_2(\mathbb{Z})$  acts on  $\mathbb{H}$  from the left by  $\gamma(\tau)$ .

(i.e. show that  $\gamma(\tau) \in \mathbb{H}$ ,  $I(\tau) = \tau$  and  $\gamma'(\gamma(\tau)) = (\gamma' \cdot \gamma)(\tau)$  for all  $\gamma, \gamma' \in SL_2(\mathbb{Z})$  and  $\tau \in \mathbb{H}$ .)

(iii) Show that  $SL_2(\mathbb{Z})$  acts on  $\mathcal{O}(\mathbb{H})$  from the right by  $f|_k\gamma$ .

(i.e. show that  $f|_k \gamma \in \mathcal{O}(\mathbb{H}), f|_k I = f$  and  $(f|_k \gamma')|_k \gamma = f|_k (\gamma' \cdot \gamma)$  for all  $\gamma, \gamma' \in SL_2(\mathbb{Z}), f \in \mathcal{O}(\mathbb{H})$ .)

(iv) Show that if f is a meromorphic function on the upper half plan satisfying

 $f(\tau + 1) = f(\tau)$  and  $f(-1/\tau) = \tau^k f(\tau)$ ,

for all  $\tau \in \mathbb{H}$ , then f is a weakly modular function of weight k.

## Exercise 3.

- (i) Show that the space  $M_k$  is a  $\mathbb{C}$ -vector space and that for  $k \ge 4$  we have  $M_k = \mathbb{C}E_k \oplus S_k$ .
- (ii) Prove that if  $f \in M_k$  and  $g \in M_l$ , then  $f \cdot g \in M_{k+l}$ .
- (iii) For any  $f \in M_4$  show that  $f\left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i\right) = 0.$
- (iv) For any  $g \in M_6$  show that that g(i) = 0.