

## Tutorial 4: Functions

Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be two sets. For a function  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  the **image of  $f$**  is defined by

$$\text{im}(f) = f(X) = \{y \in Y \mid \exists x \in X : y = f(x)\} \subset Y.$$

**Exercise 1.** Calculate the image of the following functions:

$$f_1 : \mathbb{R} \longrightarrow \mathbb{R} \\ x \longmapsto e^x - 3,$$

$$f_2 : \mathbb{R} \longrightarrow \mathbb{R} \\ x \longmapsto x^2 + 1,$$

$$f_3 : \mathbb{R}^2 \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^2 \\ \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} \longmapsto \begin{pmatrix} x_1 + 2x_2 \\ 2x_1 + 4x_2 \end{pmatrix},$$

$$f_4 : \mathbb{R}^2 \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^2 \\ \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} \longmapsto \begin{pmatrix} x_1 + 2x_2 \\ 3x_1 + 4x_2 \end{pmatrix}.$$

A function  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  is called

- i) **injective** if  $f(x_1) \neq f(x_2)$  whenever  $x_1 \neq x_2$ . ( $x_1, x_2 \in X$ )
- ii) **surjective** if  $\text{im}(f) = Y$ .
- iii) **bijective** if it is injective and surjective.

**Exercise 2.** For  $X = \mathbb{R}$  try to find an example of a function  $f : X \rightarrow X$ , which is

- i) not injective and not surjective.
- ii) injective but not surjective.
- iii) not injective but surjective.
- iv) bijective.

Do the same for  $X = \{1, 2, 3\}$ . Is it possible to find examples for all cases?

**Exercise 3.** We define for a matrix  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$  the function

$$f : \mathbb{R}^n \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^m \\ x \longmapsto Ax.$$

Find again examples of  $m, n$  and  $A$  for the cases i),ii),iii) and iv) as in Exercise 4.